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2	y == -23	PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
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7	RE:	DE 13-275 PUBLIC SERVICE COMPANY OF NEW HAMPSHIRE:
8		Proposed Default Energy Service Rate for 2014.
9	7	(Hearing regarding a midyear adjustment)
10'		
11	PRESENT:	Chairman Amy L. Ignatius, Presiding
12	_ 	Commissioner Martin P. Honigberg
13		Sandy Deno, Clerk
14	APPEARANCES:	Reptg. Public Service Co. of New Hampshire:
15		Matthew J. Fossum, Esq.
16		Reptg. Conservation Law Foundation: Christophe G. Courchesne, Esq.
17	,	Reptg. Residential Ratepayers:
18		Susan Chamberlin, Esq., Consumer Advocate Stephen Eckberg
19		Jim Brennan Office of Consumer Advocate
20		Reptg. PUC Staff:
21		Suzanne G. Amidon, Esq. Thomas C. Frantz, Director/Electric Division
22		Grant Siwinski, Electric Division
23	Cou	rt Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR No. 52
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ORIGINAL

1		
2	INDEX	
3		PAGE NO.
4	WITNESS PANEL: CHRISTOPHER J. GOULDING FREDERICK B. WHITE	
5	FREDERICK B. WHILE	
6	Direct examination by Mr. Fossum	5
7	Cross-examination by Ms. Chamberlin	19
8	Cross-examination by Ms. Amidon	31
9	Interrogatories by Chairman Ignatius	39
10		
11	* * *	
12		
13	CLOSING STATEMENTS BY:	PAGE NO.
13 14	CLOSING STATEMENTS BY: Mr. Courchesne	PAGE NO. 49
14	Mr. Courchesne	49
14 15	Mr. Courchesne Ms. Chamberlin	49 51
14 15 16	Mr. Courchesne Ms. Chamberlin Ms. Amidon	49 51 54
14 15 16 17	Mr. Courchesne Ms. Chamberlin Ms. Amidon	49 51 54
14 15 16 17	Mr. Courchesne Ms. Chamberlin Ms. Amidon	49 51 54
14 15 16 17 18	Mr. Courchesne Ms. Chamberlin Ms. Amidon	49 51 54
14 15 16 17 18 19 20	Mr. Courchesne Ms. Chamberlin Ms. Amidon	49 51 54
14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21	Mr. Courchesne Ms. Chamberlin Ms. Amidon	49 51 54

1			
2		EXHIBITS	
3	EXHIBIT NO.	DESCRIPTION PA	GE NO.
4	8	PSNH filing re: Default Energy	8
5		Service Rate for 2014 - Preliminary Mid-Year Adjustment, including the	
6		Testimony of Christopher J. Goulding, with attachments, and the Joint	
7		Technical Statement of Christopher J. Goulding and Frederick B. White (05-02-14)	
8			
9	9	PSNH updated filing, including the Joint Technical Statement of Christopher J. Goulding and	10
10		Frederick B. White, with attachments (06-13-14)	
11	1.0		1.0
12	10	3-Page chart entitled "PSNH July 1, 2014 Rate and Bill Comparison", consisting of three pages entitled	18
13		"Percentage Change in each Rate Component", "Rate Changes Expressed	
14		as a Percentage of Total Revenue for Each Class", and "Residential Service	
15		Rate R Typical Bill Comparisons" (referred to as the "bingo sheet")	
16		(Terefred to as the single sheet)	
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1	PROCEEDING
2	CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Good morning. I'd
3	like to open the hearing in Docket DE 13-275. This is
4	Public Service Company of New Hampshire's request to
5	adjust its Default Energy Service rate for effect
6	July 1st, 2014. PSNH made its filing on May 2nd. And, on
7	May 19th, we issued an order of notice calling for a
8	hearing this morning on the merits, and also asked for any
9	new requests to intervene.
10	So, let's begin first with appearances,
11	then take up the intervention issue, if there are any
12	requests, and then talk about the order of business.
13	Mr. Fossum.
14	MR. FOSSUM: Good morning again.
15	Matthew Fossum, for Public Service Company of New
16	Hampshire.
17	MR. COURCHESNE: Good morning,
18	Commissioners. Christophe Courchesne, on behalf of the
19	Conservation Law Foundation, already an intervenor in this
20	docket.
21	CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
22	MS. CHAMBERLIN: Susan Chamberlin,
23	Consumer Advocate. And, with me today is Jim Brennan and
24	Stephen Eckberg.

1	MS. AMIDON: Good morning. Suzanne
2	Amidon, Commission Staff. To my left is Tom Frantz, the
3	Director of the Electric Division, and to his left is
4	Grant Siwinski, an Analyst in the Electric Division.
5	CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Welcome, everyone.
6	I don't see any other any requests to intervene in the
7	file. Is there anyone here who is seeking intervention?
8	(No verbal response)
9	CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Doesn't appear that
LO	way. Then, let's proceed with a plan of action. We have
L1	both Mr. Goulding and Mr. White submitting testimony. Is
L2	your intention to have a panel of the two of them?
L3	MR. FOSSUM: Yes.
L 4	CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Then,
L5	unless there's anything to take up before they do that,
L6	the witnesses can take the stand.
L7	(Whereupon Christopher J. Goulding and
L8	Frederick B. White were duly sworn by
L9	the Court Reporter.)
20	CHRISTOPHER J. GOULDING, SWORN
21	FREDERICK B. WHITE, SWORN
22	DIRECT EXAMINATION
23	BY MR. FOSSUM:
24	Q. So, with that, I guess I'll start with Mr. White then.

Mr. White, could you state your name and place of
employment and your responsibilities for the record
please.

- A. (White) My name is Frederick White. I'm a Supervisor in the Energy Supply Group for Northeast Utilities

 Service Company. My primary responsibilities involve the analysis and coordination of the portfolio of load and supply resources used to serve Default Energy

 Service customers in New Hampshire, and for purposes of rate setting and annual reconciliation.
- Q. Thank you. And, Mr. Goulding, could you state your name and place of employment and responsibilities for the record also please.
- A. (Goulding) My name is Christopher John Goulding. My address is 780 North Commercial Street, Manchester, New Hampshire. I'm employed by Northeast Utilities Service Company as the Manager of Revenue Requirements for PSNH. My responsibilities include the coordination and implementation of revenue requirement calculations, as well as filings associated with PSNH's Energy Service rate, Stranded Cost Recovery rate, Transmission Cost Adjustment Mechanism, and Alternate Default Energy Service rate.
- Q. Thank you. Now, back on, and Mr. White or

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1
          Mr. Goulding, as may be more appropriate, back on May
 2
          2nd, 2014, did you -- well, Mr. Goulding, did you
 3
          submit testimony in this docket?
 4
          (Goulding) Yes.
    Α.
          And, at the same time, did you and Mr. White submit a
 5
     Q.
          Joint Technical Statement in this docket?
 6
 7
          (Goulding) Yes, we did.
    Α.
 8
          And, do you have any changes or updates to that
 9
          testimony today?
10
          (Goulding) Yes, I do.
     Α.
11
          Could you explain what that is please.
     0.
12
          (Goulding) On Page 4 of my testimony, the July 2013 to
    Α.
13
          December 2013 rate says "8.99 cents", and I believe it
14
          was "9." -- or "8.62 cents".
15
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I'm sorry. Did you
16
       say "8.62"?
17
                         MR. FOSSUM: Correct.
18
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
19
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN: Could you say that
20
       again? I didn't see where you were talking about.
                         WITNESS GOULDING: Page 4 of 9 of my
21
22
       testimony, the "July 2013 to December 2013" rate, it says
23
       "8.99 percent" -- or, "8.99 cents", and it's supposed to
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24

be "8.62 cents".

- 1 MS. CHAMBERLIN: Thank you.
- 2 BY MR. FOSSUM:
- Q. And, do you have any other changes or updates at this time?
- 5 A. (Goulding) I do not.
- 6 Q. Now, with that change, this testimony -- or, I'm sorry,
- 7 I should have asked before. Was this prepared by you
- 8 or under your direction?
- 9 A. (Goulding) Yes, it was.
- 10 Q. Now, subject to the change that you've already
- described, is the information contained in this filing
- true and accurate to the best of your knowledge and
- 13 belief today?
- 14 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 15 Q. And, if you were asked these questions, would your
- testimony be the same today as it was at the time that
- 17 you submitted this?
- 18 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- MR. FOSSUM: With that, I would ask that
- 20 | this be marked as "Exhibit", I believe, "8" for
- 21 identification?
- 22 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: So marked.
- 23 (The document, as described, was
- 24 herewith marked as **Exhibit 8** for

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identification.)

BY MR. FOSSUM:
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- Q. And, just for completeness, because there is a joint statement in here as well. Mr. White, the statements that you had made, are they true and accurate to the best of your knowledge and belief today?
- 7 A. (White) Yes, they are.
- 8 Q. And, if you were to provide the same information today,
 9 would your information be the same today?
- 10 A. (White) Yes.

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- MR. FOSSUM: Thank you.
- 12 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: And, Mr. Fossum, the
- 13 Technical Statement from May 2nd is attached, it will all
- be part of the May -- excuse me, of Exhibit 8?
- MR. FOSSUM: Correct. As all one
- package, yes, as Exhibit 8. It's both the testimony and
- 17 the schedules, as well as that May 2nd Joint Technical
- 18 Statement.
- 19 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
- 20 BY MR. FOSSUM:
- 21 Q. And, Mr. Goulding and Mr. White, on June 13th, 2014,
- 22 did you submit an updated Technical Statement and
- 23 attachments and schedules in this docket?
- 24 A. (White) Yes.

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    Α.
         (Goulding) Yes.
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- And, is the information -- and was that information 2 Q.
- 3 prepared by you or under your direction?
- (Goulding) Yes. 4 Α.
- 5 Α. (White) Yes.
- And, is that information true and accurate to the best 6 Q.
- 7 of your knowledge and belief today?
- (Goulding) Yes. 8 Α.
- (White) Yes. 9 Α.
- 10 MR. FOSSUM: And, with that, I would
- offer the June 13th Technical Statement of Mr. Goulding 11
- 12 and Mr. White and attachments as "Exhibit 9" for
- identification. 13
- 14 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: So marked as
- 15 "Exhibit 9". Thank you.
- 16 (The document, as described, was
- herewith marked as **Exhibit 9** for 17
- 18 identification.)
- 19 MR. FOSSUM: And, as with the prior
- 20 docket, I would offer that the witnesses provide a brief
- 21 summary of the proposal that PSNH is making today.
- 22 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: That will be fine.
- 23 MR. FOSSUM: As updated.
- 24 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.

1 BY MR. FOSSUM:

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- Q. So, with that, Mr. Goulding and Mr. White, as may be more appropriate, would you very briefly summarize the proposal that PSNH is making today for its Default Energy Service rates.
- A. (Goulding) Yes. The proposal we have today is to adjust the rate that we currently have in effect from 9.23 cents to 9.87 cents. The main drivers of the rate increase are increased migration or, decreased migration, coupled with increased forecasted market prices from the prices that we had forecast in our December filing.
- Q. Thank you. Now, --

MR. FOSSUM: Yes?

15 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: No, go ahead.

MR. FOSSUM: Oh.

17 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: I was wondering if

18 you had the bingo sheet again for all of these various

19 changes, or whether we should refer back to the one in the

20 prior docket?

MR. FOSSUM: It was my intention to refer back to the one in the prior docket that would go throughout.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: That's fine.

- 1 BY MR. FOSSUM:
- 2 Q. So, then, just for completeness then, could you
- describe briefly where the information regarding the
- 4 Default Energy Service rate may be seen on Exhibit 6,
- 5 from Docket 13-274.
- 6 A. (Goulding) Okay.
- 7 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: And, before you go
- 8 into that, does Mr. Courchesne have a copy? All right.
- 9 Thank you.
- 10 **BY THE WITNESS:**
- 11 A. On Page 1 of the document, in the second column from
- 12 the right is the "Energy Service" rate. And, the rate
- proposed is a 6.93 percent increase over the current
- rate. And, on Page 2, the total revenue change, as a
- percent of the total bill, is 3.57 percent.
- 16 BY MR. FOSSUM:
- 17 Q. Thank you. I have a couple of questions for this
- 18 morning for you. Mr. Goulding, in the Technical
- 19 Statement from June 13th, there is an update to PSNH's
- 20 migration rate through April, is that correct?
- 21 A. (Goulding) That is correct.
- 22 Q. Is there a more current migration rate that's
- 23 available?
- 24 A. (Goulding) The migration rate from May was

1 51.1 percent.

- Q. And, is that -- is that migration rate through May been reflected in this filing?
 - A. (Goulding) No. Consistent with the prior past filings, we use the most available data that we have or the data that we have available, which was the April 2014 migration data of 50.2 percent.
 - Q. Thank you. Now, one other issue, just to update very briefly, is, Mr. White, could you provide a very brief update on the status for the Burgess biomass facility and its operation?
 - A. (White) The Burgess facility has been in service since late in 2013. Throughout the first half of this year, they have been performing various operational testing and operating it at varying output levels. They identified an issue with ash handling equipment and took an outage to correct those problems, and returned to service in late May, and operated through the first part of June. During that period of operation, they successfully completed RATA testing for Class I REC certification. And, they're awaiting written acceptance of that testing from the New Hampshire DES.

{DE 13-275} {06-24-14}

ISO established their Commercial Operation Date on

Also, during that period of operation,

June 17th, 2014. Just prior to that date, and not interrupting the ISO process, but just prior to, literally hours before the unit was commercial, there was another trip. And, the unit remains out of service today. It's — the current schedule they provided is to be back on line the second week of July.

- Q. Thank you for that update. Now, Mr. White -- or, I'm sorry, Mr. Goulding, turning to the filing, I wanted to explore one issue that's addressed in the filing. In the May 2nd, 2014 submission, there's a proposal by PSNH to include Black Start and VAR revenues in calculation of the ES rate, is that correct?
- 13 A. (Goulding) That's correct.

- Q. Could you explain quickly what the Black Start and VAR revenues are?
 - A. (Goulding) Okay. The Black Start and VAR revenues are revenues that generators receive for providing Black Start and VAR services. As currently constructed now, the -- and those are provided for reliability purposes. As currently constructed now, the Black Start and VAR cost for those services is provided -- is included in the TCAM rate, and the revenues are included in the TCAM rate. So, transmission customers are paying, are basically made whole. The ones who are paying the

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[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~White]

- costs are generators, or ES customers. So, there's a
 disproportion -- there's ES customers paying for -paying to provide services for reliability. So, we
 felt it was appropriate to move the Black Start and VAR
 revenues to the ES, out of TCAM.
- Q. Okay. So, just for clarity purposes then, the revenues that we're speaking about, those revenues are paid to PSNH's generating facilities?
- 9 A. (Goulding) Yes. PSNH receives the revenues for Black
 10 Start and VAR for the generating facilities.
- 11 Q. And, just for clarity, you stated that currently those
 12 revenues are included in the TCAM rate, is that
 13 accurate?
- 14 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- Or, I guess, more appropriately, historically, have they been included in the TCAM rate?
- 17 A. (Goulding) Historically, they have been included in the
 18 TCAM rate. Effective July 1st, they have been moved
 19 from the TCAM to the Energy Service rate.
- Q. And, so that PSNH's proposal has that from July 1st -or, is that, from July 1st going forward, those
 revenues would be -- would remain in the ES rate, is
 that accurate?
- 24 A. (Goulding) Yes.

- 1 Q. Now, approximately how much money are we -- is at issue
 2 with the Black Start and the VAR revenue?
- A. (Goulding) For the six months July to December, it's approximately a million dollars. And, on an annual basis, it's approximately \$2 million.
- Q. And, is it the Company's position that putting the
 Black Start and VAR costs, removing them from the
 Transmission recovery rate and putting them in the ES
 is an appropriate treatment of those revenues?
 - A. (Goulding) Yes. Because if there was -- if PSNH did not own generation, there would be no Black Start and VAR revenue received by the Company.
- Q. Thank you. And, just one other item for clarification
 purposes this morning. Are you aware that currently
 there is a bill working its way through the Legislature
 relative to assessments of public utilities?
- 17 A. (Goulding) Yes.

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- 18 Q. And, you're familiar with that legislation?
- 19 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- Q. And, that legislation has not been signed into law yet, is that accurate?
- 22 A. (Goulding) Not to my knowledge.
- Q. Presuming that it is or that it will be, could you explain what your understanding would be of the changes

- that would be brought about by that legislation?
- 2 A. (Goulding) Okay. My understanding of the changes would
- 3 be that there's a directive -- or, the PUC would order
- a directive on how to -- or, to how to recover the
- 5 assessment through distribution rates. And, at the
- same time, we would remove the assessment from our
- 7 Transmission and Energy Service rates.
- 8 Q. And, when do you understand would be the effective date 9 of that legislation?
- 10 A. (Goulding) The effective date is July 1st of this year.
- 11 Q. So, in that we're talking about rates that would be
- effective for July 1st, has PSNH incorporated the
- changes from that, that not-yet-signed legislation into
- 14 this filing?
- 15 A. (Goulding) We have not.
- 16 Q. So, there is a portion of the assessment that remains
- in the Energy Service rate today, is that accurate?
- 18 A. (Goulding) Yes. That's accurate. There's a portion in
- there, an estimate of what we expect the bill to be
- that we would receive from the PUC for September.
- 21 Q. And, would PSNH propose to make appropriate changes to
- 22 the Energy Service and Distribution and other rate
- elements as may be necessary, should that legislation
- 24 go into effect?

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[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~White]

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    Α.
          (Goulding) Yes.
                        MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. I have nothing
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       else for direct.
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                         CMSR. HONIGBERG: Just before the cross
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       starts, I think, when we go to a break, we should copy
       Exhibit 6 from the other docket and make it an exhibit in
 6
 7
       this docket. So, people who want to just come to this
 8
       docket and find out what's going on can find this
       spreadsheet. And, presumably, it will relevant to the
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       others as well.
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                         MR. FOSSUM: Okay. We will see that
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       that is done. And, I suppose that would be Exhibit --
       then become "Exhibit 10" in this docket.
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                         CMSR. HONIGBERG: Thanks.
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                         MR. FOSSUM: Thank you.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
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                         (Exhibit 10 reserved)
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Mr. Courchesne,
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       questions?
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                         MR. COURCHESNE: Thank you,
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       Commissioners. CLF has no questions for the witnesses.
22
       Thank you.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Ms. Chamberlin?
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                         MS. CHAMBERLIN:
                                          Thank you.
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CROSS-EXAMINATION

2 BY MS. CHAMBERLIN:

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- Q. For the drivers of the increase in the Energy Service rate, I believe the testimony is that there's rising forward electricity prices is one of the drivers?
- 6 | A. (White) That's correct.
- 7 Q. And, then, there's an increase in customer migration
 8 from the prior rate that you used, which I believe was
 9 about 48 percent, and this one is going to be
 10 50.2 percent?
- A. (White) The 48.1 percent was in May. And, in this
 filing, it's 50.2 percent. So, yes, there was an
 increase since May. My recollection is that the
 migration rate assumed in the December filing, which
 established the current rate, was at a higher level of
 migration.
- 17 Q. Oh, okay. All right. So, the --
- A. (White) So, it's actually -- current migration level is below the rate used in establishing -- I can check that right here. It was 53.7 percent was used in the December filing.
- Q. All right. And, higher O&M costs, would you agree that that's also a driver?
- 24 A. (Goulding) My recollection was that the O&M costs,

- there was about a -- I want to say \$700,000 increase in O&M costs. So, there was some higher O&M costs, yes.
 - Q. All right. And, looking at the June 13th, which is

 Exhibit 9, and I'm on the Technical Statement, which I

 guess is about, my copy, one, two -- Page 3. And,

 then, it says lines -- number 1, "Lines 4 and 5
 Projected coal generation"?
- 8 A. (White) Yes.

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- 9 Q. Okay. So, is it an appropriate interpretation that,
 10 with coal generation decreasing, and forward
 11 electricity prices rising, it means that those prices
 12 are not rising sufficiently to create an economic
 13 dispatch for the coal plants? Is that what --
 - A. (White) Well, I think what's important to understand, and I'll admit it's somewhat confusing, what you've cited in the Technical Statement is referring to the changes from the May filing to the June filing. And, further down on that page, you can see month-to-month forward price changes, from May to June.
- 20 Q. Yes.
- A. (White) And, in several months, prices have gone down.

 So, that is what's driving the 186 gigawatt-hours of
 lower generation cited in Item 1, for Lines 4 and 5.

 Nevertheless, since the December filing, market prices

- are up. And, we have to go make a comparison between
 the generation levels forecast back in December to the
 levels forecast for July to December, for the period
 addressed in the June filing. So, it's a bit
 confusing, but that is referring to the changes since
 the May filing.
 - Q. I will certainly agree with you that it is confusing.

 Can you tell me, generally speaking, for the July to

 December period, do you expect the coal plants to be

 economic and running?
 - A. (White) The forecasted capacity factors for July through December, for Merrimack units, is approximately 40 percent. For the Schiller coal units, it's approximately -- it's in the -- I believe it's the low 20 percent range. So, that's an indication of the economic periods for generation.
- 17 Q. Okay.

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- 18 A. (White) Over that six months.
- Q. Thank you. Going to number 4, "Lines 24 through
 36" [26?], the "Burgess Biopower" plant, you stated it
 has had some operational problems. Can you be more
 specific about -- I mean, you gave us some information
 on when it was down, but when did it actually start
 running regularly, and has it ever actually run

1 regularly?

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- A. (White) I guess that's, to some degree, anyone might have a different interpretation. It's been -- so, it's run off and on at varying levels throughout the first half of this year. I believe they have had fairly good ability to inform us of when the unit would be running and at the approximate levels that it would be running at. It has not been consistent levels throughout that time period. And, schedules sometimes change on a short-term basis. But it has off and on, and at varying levels, been producing energy since it first came on line in October of 2013.
- Q. Under the Purchase Agreement, they're required to file an estimated hourly schedule of deliverables. Have they been able to do that?
- 16 A. (White) I believe our Bidding and Scheduling Group
 17 receives a schedule from them on a daily basis.
- 18 Q. And, it is sometimes accurate and sometimes not accurate?
- 20 A. (White) That's probably fair to say.
- 21 Q. All right.
- A. (White) And, I know there have been operational phone calls pretty much on a weekly basis. And, so, operating schedules are discussed during that, during

1 those phone calls as well.

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- Q. The Purchase Agreement does allow for penalties, if they're not -- if the plant is not operating by June 1, 2014. Has PSNH attempted to levy any penalties or request that penalties be imposed?
- (White) I'm not sure I'm familiar with the penalty Α. clause you're referring to. I would say that both parties are acting in good faith under the agreed upon terms of the Contract. The June 1st date I would say is referring to capacity credits in the ISO-New England markets. It was anticipated, it was known that they wouldn't receive -- it was likely they would not receive capacity credits in the forward capacity markets until June 1st of this year. And, whether that's discussed somehow as "penalties", that doesn't ring a bell to me. I could tell you that that June 1st date has come and gone, and they have not passed their -- what's referred to as an "established capacity credit audit" at ISO-New England. And, PSNH ES customers have been insulated from the economic impacts of that delay.

And, so, while they continue to sort through operations and achieve that capability audit with ISO-New England, from thenceforth capacity

payments will begin under the Contract, and ES customers will receive the capacity revenues associated with that capability. But that's sort of in a delay mode at this point. And, I would hypothesize that they could complete that audit in July, when they come back on line. But it will likely be September before that portion of the Contract — before money begins changing hands for the capacity portion. That's a lengthy answer to the part of the Contract you're referring to, and I'm not even sure I'm talking about the right thing.

- Q. No, that's fine. It's a complicated issue. Can you just describe, you said "PSNH customers are shielded from the impact". Can you explain what you meant by that?
- A. (White) Well, the unit has, in its interactions with ISO-New England, made some commitments, if you will. They have what's referred to as a "capacity supply obligation", which means that they have told ISO-New England they will be bringing X megawatts to the capacity market beginning July 1st. They do not have any megawatts credit in ISO-New England's eyes at this point. So, they owe 58.7 megawatts. And, they are handling coverage of that open position on their side.

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[WITNESS PANEL: Goulding~White]

- And, until they receive the credit, and ISO
 recognizes -- until the ISO recognizes the megawatts
 that they bring to the market, it's at that point when
 the capacity portion of the Contract can begin in full.
 I think there's language in there about the possibility
 of this occurring.
- 7 Q. Okay.
- 8 A. (White) And, as I said, both parties acting in good
 9 faith, it's my understanding, I'm not at the table in
 10 these discussions, but it's been agreed to how that
 11 will be handled until credits received and so forth.
- Q. All right. And, is that capacity credit different from the ISO Commercial Operation Date that you mentioned earlier?
- 15 A. (White) They are not -- ISO will not perform the

 16 established capacity capability audit until they've

 17 established a Commercial Operation Date.
- 18 Q. And, that has not yet happened?
- 19 A. (White) That has happened.
- 20 Q. Oh, that has happened.
- 21 A. (White) The Commercial Operation Date was set on 22 June 17th.
- 23 Q. That is what that was.
- 24 A. (White) Despite the unit going out of service, that

date did not change. And, what happens is, there's a — after that designation, there's a window of opportunity where the ISO essentially performs a surprise audit. The unit has X number of days to provide proof that it met a certain megawatt level. That whole process has been delayed due to they're currently out of service. So, they have not been able to get to that audit stage. I misspoke. It's not a surprise audit. It's a window during which the unit has an opportunity to provide data, from that period of — from that window of opportunity.

- Q. So, I just -- I looked at the definition of "in-service date" from the Contract, and it reads: "The facility is capable of regular commercial operation with a predictable daily dispatch." And, it doesn't sound like that has actually occurred, even though the plant has self-designated itself as being in service?
- A. (White) I think, at the time, when, as you stated, the unit makes that declaration that "we are now in service", and they did so in late November. And, leading up to that date, the unit had been running well and regularly. And, as I stated, they continue to have the ability to tell us what their operating parameters were going to be going forward. I suppose different

- people could argue about the meaning of those words.

 All I can say is, we've -- I would say both parties are in good faith attempting to operate under the terms of the Agreement, as approved. And, that's how we've been managing that Contract, in cooperation with them, to date.

 And, so, your projections for this period, the July
 - Q. And, so, your projections for this period, the July through December, you project the plant to run somewhat, but not full, based on its past operations?

- A. (White) Given the most recent period of operations, and the current outage is a fairly specific event, but that recent operations would indicate that they would be able to achieve more regular operations than we've experienced through the first part of this year.
- Q. So, that's what you have included in your Energy Service?
- A. (White) They have provided their projections. We, as it turns out, correctly delayed their forecast for June and July. But have essentially used their forecast for April through December, which is essentially full operation, except for an audit that they have already planned in October, at some time in October.
- Q. Okay. And, if that doesn't happen, if they're not in full operation, the next filing there will be a true-up

and that will be reconciled?

- A. (White) That's correct. We've tried, given our experience and what we know from discussions with them, we've put in here what we believe is our best reasonable expectation of their operations through the end of the rate term. If it turns it will certainly be wrong, but it will be a matter of degree. But there will be a true-up, that's correct, in the next ES rate.
- Q. Okay. Thank you. On the Black Start and the VAR payments, your testimony is that, in the past, both the cost and the revenue of Black Start and VAR have been included in the TCAM, is that correct?
- A. (Goulding) Well, there's two sets of costs. There's the costs that are incurred by ES customers that the generated that generators incur to provide the service. So, it's part of the revenue requirement that ES customers are paying as part of their rate. And, then, there's the cost of transmission customers to basically pay for that service that generators are providing. And, then, revenues come in to the Company, and those costs are being assigned to transmission customers, instead of Energy Service customers.
- Q. And, the cost of the -- the second part of the costs, the cost of the transmission customers, where is that

going to be placed going forward? Does that go into
the Energy Service or does it stay in the TCAM?

- A. (Goulding) Those are reliability costs that would stay with transmission customers.
- Q. All right. So, you're splitting up the costs and saying that one of them belongs with generation and one of them belongs with transmission?
- A. (Goulding) No. Right now, it's built into the revenue requirement is costs associated with providing Black
 Start and VAR services to -- for system reliability.

 So, customers are paying to have those -- to provide those -- ES customers are paying to provide those services. And, transmission customers should be paying for that service that ES customers -- or, that generators are providing. So, those costs would be -- are in transmission, TCAM right now. But, then, the revenues come in to the Company to reimburse the generators for the services that they're providing to make the ES customers whole. And, those revenues are become assigned to the TCAM.
- Q. So, you're just taking out -- the only thing you're proposing to switch are the revenues from the TCAM to the ES?
- 24 A. (Goulding) Right. I'm proposing -- yes, proposing to

- move the Black Start and VAR revenues from TCAM to ES
 to make the ES customers whole for providing the
 services.
- Q. And, the Energy Service rate itself is actually going up with this proposal, correct?
- A. (Goulding) No. It would be going down slightly,
 because there will be a revenue credit in the Energy
 Service rate of approximately a million dollars.
- 9 Q. Well, not for just this piece of it, but for the entire
 10 proposal the Energy Service is going up. It's just
 11 actually the rate is going down for customers, because
 12 it's being offset by some of these decreases?
- 13 A. (Goulding) I'm not sure I follow your question.
- Q. Okay. The current Energy Service rate, with the Scrubber costs included, is 9.23 cents per kilowatt-hour, is that correct?
- 17 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 18 Q. And, then, the proposed rate going forward would be
 19 9.87 cents per kilowatt-hour, correct?
- 20 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 21 Q. So, that's an increase?
- 22 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- Q. And, then, but the actual rate that customers will experience is going to be lower due to these various

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offsets that you're proposing?
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- A. (Goulding) Absent those VAR revenues being moved to Energy Service rate, the 9.87 cents would be higher.
- 4 MS. CHAMBERLIN: Yes. Right. Thank
- 5 you. That's all I have.
- 6 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
- 7 Ms. Amidon.
- 8 MS. AMIDON: Thank you. Is it still
- 9 morning? I can't see the clock. Good morning.
- 10 WITNESS WHITE: Yes, it is.
- 11 WITNESS GOULDING: Good morning.
- 12 BY MS. AMIDON:
- 13 Q. Okay. I wanted to turn your attention to the same page
- that Ms. Chamberlin was referring to, where it
- references Items 1, 2, 3, in the technical update for
- July 13th, Exhibit 9. And, in the middle of the page,
- you have depicted your updated forecasts for
- 18 electricity prices by month for the year 2014. Is that
- 19 correct?
- 20 A. (White) Yes.
- 21 Q. Okay. And, so, if we look at the "Total" at the bottom
- of that graph, it shows that overall there is an
- increase in the costs of energy from the original
- forecasts. But, if we look at month by month, we can

see where you describe to the Commission, in responding
to Ms. Chamberlin's questions, the adjustments that
have been made on a month-by-month basis. Where, for
example, say, in June, where you had a price of "59.2"
in the May 2nd update, it now has a price of "50" for
the June 13th update, is that right?

A. (White) Yes.

- Q. Okay. So, as we go down that table, in the month of December, the May 2nd 2014 price forecast said "\$96.07" a megawatt-hour, and, for the June 13th update, that has considerably risen to "\$121.3" per megawatt-hour. Could you explain what's going on with the month of December there?
- A. (White) It's a reflection of market participants' expectations of prices heading into the winter. And, so, it's, if you will, the collective knowledge of all people entering into energy transactions on a forward basis. And, the price level rose a material amount in December between the May and June filings.
- Q. Did you look at forecasts, say, yesterday, to see if this price is still holding, the 121?
 - A. (White) I looked recently, not as recent as yesterday, and that price has decreased on the order of \$6.00 a megawatt-hour.

- 1 Q. Okay. So, it's still --
- 2 A. (White) It's a more current level.
- Q. Okay. Sorry. I apologize for interrupting. But it's still from your May forecast?
- 5 A. (White) Yes. It is.
- Q. Okay. Now, the Company participated last winter in the Winter Reliability Program that was operated through ISO, is that right?
- 9 A. (White) That's correct.

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- 10 Could you please explain what the outcome of that was. Q. 11 I know, at the time when you were looking at the Winter 12 Reliability Program, the Company had calculated some 13 risks, and had determined that the credits to customer 14 would be at a certain level. And, do you have the 15 final outcome of what the credits to customers ended up 16 being as a result of Newington's participation in the 17 Winter Reliability Program?
 - A. (White) Yes. Yes, we do. The actual outcome, as a result of our participation in the Program, and the cost of the Program supported by load, ES share of that, ES customers came out ahead 2.7 million. In the original forecast, we had assumed about a \$1.2 million of benefit, recognizing that there were risks of participation. Most of which we managed through, they

- didn't cost the additional monies that could have

 cocurred, and that explains the about one and a half

 million dollar of added benefit from originally

 expected benefit.
- Q. And, this was due to Newington Station's participation in that Program?
 - A. (White) That's correct.

- Q. And, if you recall in a technical session, I asked you to tell us what the status is of any plans for Winter Reliability Program for the 2014/2015 Winter. Would you -- could you tell us the status of that generally?
- A. (White) ISO-New England, discussions are ongoing about a Winter Reliability Program for this upcoming winter. They are significantly changing the way the Program will be implemented. It will still be December, January, and February. And, they believe they have come up with an approach that will, on a total cost basis, be much less than last year's Program, and achieve the same reliability needs for the system.

We also anticipate again participating with our Newington unit. And, we believe that we can offset the cost to the ES load of the Program through Newington's participation. So, our best estimate at the moment, while the program is still under

- discussion, is that we can hold ES customers neutral on an overall outcome. So, Newington's -- the benefit that Newington can -- the revenues that Newington will receive through the Program will offset the expected loads -- the expected costs that loads in New England will be required to pay.
- 7 Q. Have you locked in any oil purchases for Newington for the winter?
- 9 A. (White) We have not made any oil purchases, I believe,
 10 since February. So, no. We have not done that at this
 11 point.
 - Q. And, will you -- and, when do you think approximately that ISO will have its plan in place, so you can make some planning on that basis?

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- A. (White) Well, I'd be guessing, but I will tell you that I think ISO there were complaints last year that ISO waited too long to establish the Program. So, I would expect in the next, let's say, six weeks or so that the Program the definition of the Program will be established, at which time we can discuss our participation and necessary volumes, the appropriate volumes of oil to secure for our participation.
- Q. Thank you. One of the other things that occurred last winter, obviously, was the spike in natural gas prices,

- which led to higher electricity prices. And, I'm not sure if this is for Mr. Goulding or for -- I think it may be. As I understand, at that point, you had customers returning to PSNH Energy Service, is that correct?
- 6 A. (Goulding) Yes. That's correct.
- Q. And, is that because, in part, that the rate -8 Alternative Default Energy Service rate had to close?
- 9 A. (Goulding) No. The Alternative Default Energy rate was
 10 open for most of those spikes. It didn't close, I
 11 believe, until April 1st. So, it would have been open
 12 for the months of January and February and March, where
 13 the phenomenon existed.
- Q. Okay. And, so, did you have customers coming back, going into Rate ADE?
- 16 A. (Goulding) I am not sure. I believe there was, but I'm

 17 not sure of how many or how much, how -- what percent

 18 or what kilowatt-hours came back to us.
- 19 Q. But you did have people coming back directly to the 20 Default Energy Service?
- 21 A. (Goulding) I would have to check that. I'm not positive.
- 23 A. (White) I would say customers came back onto both rates.

- Q. Okay. And, in this filing, is there any reconciliation of any ADE over or under recovery? And, by "ADE", I'm referring to "Alternative Default Energy Service".
- A. (Goulding) Yes. The over/under recovery is rolled into the Energy Service cost and revenues.
- 6 Q. And, what is it at this point?
- A. (Goulding) The difference between the revenue and actual cost was \$3.8 million. But the revenue delta between the 9.23 cents and the ADE rate of 9.17 cents was roughly \$39,000.
- 11 Q. So, what do these numbers mean to me?
- 12 (Goulding) If there was no ADE, these customers would Α. 13 have come back and gone on the Energy Service rate. 14 And, there would have been a \$39,000 additional in the 15 Energy Service revenues. The difference between the --16 or, the \$3.7 million I was referring to earlier is more 17 due to the way the rate is, I guess, designed now, 18 where customers can come back during the high-price 19 winter months and get an annual or lower, an average 20 rate of 9.23 cents.
- Q. So, is there an under recovery of \$3.7 million in this filing?
- 23 A. (Goulding) Yes, there is.
- 24 Q. Okay. That's what I wanted to get clear.

- A. (Goulding) Right. But, if there was no ADE and the customers came back to Energy Service rate, it would be
- 3 \$3.7 million, minus the \$40,000.
- 4 Q. Understood.
- 5 A. (Goulding) Okay.
- Q. If I read the filing correctly, there was a \$13 million under recovery in Energy Service for the first six
- 8 months of this year, is that correct? Let me see if I
 9 can find it.
- 10 A. (Goulding) Are you referring to Line 28 on CJG-1,
- 11 Page 1?
- 12 Q. Are you looking at the -- yes.
- 13 A. (Goulding) Yes. That's a 2013 under recovery.
- 14 Q. Okay. So, an under recovery. And, so, that -- so, how
- did -- is it effective for the whole period 2013 or is
- it just for the latter months of the year?
- 17 A. (Goulding) Well, that's the annual under recovery.
- 18 That's the annual under recovery.
- 19 Q. Okay. So, then, none of those amounts then would be
- 20 attributable to like additional energy that you had to
- 21 purchase over the winter months for the customers
- 22 coming back to Default Service?
- 23 A. (Goulding) You're right. Correct. The \$3.8 million,
- \$3.7 million for ADE under recovery that I was talking

about was for January, February, March, April of 2014.

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- 2 So, it would not be reflected in there.
- 3 Q. Okay. So, I just wanted to -- that's what I wanted to
- do, is I wanted to figure out how much money that was.
- 5 A. (Goulding) Okay.
- A. (White) There may be a similar circumstance at the end of 2013, but it's not the 3.7 that was discussed.
- 8 Q. Understood. No, that was very helpful.
- 9 MS. AMIDON: Just one moment please.
- 10 (Atty. Amidon conferring with Staff
- 11 representatives.)
- MS. AMIDON: Thank you. We have no
- 13 further questions.
- 14 BY CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:
- 15 Q. Can I jump in on the ADE issues? Because, although I'm
- glad that Ms. Amidon followed it, I didn't follow it.
- So, help me understand again. The amount of under
- 18 recovery for ES overall, the amount of under recovery
- for ADE, however you want to describe it, that's
- logical to you, if you can walk that through, I would
- appreciate it, because I got tangled up there.
- 22 A. (Goulding) Okay. Let me just -- I want to see if I can
- get some information.
- 24 Q. That's fine.

(Witness Goulding conferring with
Witness White.)

BY THE WITNESS:

A. (White) The 3.7 million is the delta between the ADE rate and the marginal cost to serve, based on settled prices in New England. It does not reflect the PSNH portfolio of resources. So, there's no component of our generation output in the calculation of the

3.7 million. It's strictly a open market service of ADE load.

BY CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:

- Q. And, is it fair to say that ADE was, in effect, under priced compared to market by 3.7 million?
- A. (White) You could say that. I think it's fair to say

 ADE was under priced, and that's why it was eventually

 closed. ADE was also an annual rate. It was an annual

 average. So, it was designed, by its design, it was

 under priced in peak price months. So, it's probably

 both.

The discussion about the difference between the ES rate and the ADE rate, which leads to a \$40,000 less in revenue, like the ADE rate, the ES rate is also set on an average annual basis. And, so — and, it was set at during a certain price level. So,

{DE 13-275} {06-24-14}

the logic is that, had ADE not been available at 9.17 cents, it still would have been an economic advantage for customers to return to ES. And, so, if you could take that, what I believe is a logical step, those customers would have come back to ES anyway. And, the marginal cost for us to serve them would have been at then current market prices.

So, that 3.7 million, we would have been — the ES rate would have been exposed to those higher marginal costs regardless. What really was different was just the revenue difference. Where we got 9.17, because they came back on ADE, we would have gotten 9.23 cents per kilowatt-hour had they come back on ES.

So, that's sort of the -- hopefully, that helps.

Q. All right. Thank you. On the Burgess Biopower plant, we've been hearing, since it began start-up, that "there are always glitches as a plant comes back on line and significant changes. This is to be expected." And, that made sense for the first month or the first couple of months. We're now into looks like nine months of trying to get going and in a stop-and-start history now. Are we still in that shakedown phase or

is something else going on here?

- A. (White) I guess my impression is we are likely beyond the shakedown stage, but we don't know for sure. When they first came in service, operations were pretty good. And, then, they ran into some issues, which impacted operations. And, then, for the period from late May through mid June, there were very strong operations. And, my impression is that this latest outage is just a motor failure. And, I think prior issues were more with plant processes and working through those.
- 12 | Q. What do you mean by "plant processes"?
 - A. (White) Well, I think there was they had issues with ash handling. And, I don't I don't know a lot of the details. But I think of it more as a system issue, rather than a component issue. And, this latest outage is a component issue. And, the motor is being fixed, and it will come back. Now, could there be other component failures? There could. But it doesn't seem like they have system issues.
 - Q. And, so, is the wood handling system that was created anew currently working well, to your knowledge?
 - A. (White) I think that was more or less proven during that recent period, recent period of strong operations.

Q. And, the boiler got to the point that it was operating well?

- A. (White) Yes. And, that's what allowed them to pass their RATA testing, their air emissions test.
- Q. It's a complicated contract, and I don't begin to recall all of the details. But what are the consequences to PSNH and its customers, if the plant continues the Burgess plant continues to have a very spotty operational record?
- A. (White) Well, in the current outlook, generally speaking, the energy component of the Contract is out of the money. So, it's over priced. The REC portion of the Contract, where we purchase Class I RECs, are those purchases are made at a discounted price. And, so, those two components of the Contract, to a large degree, offset one another.

Currently, with the elevated prices, energy prices in New England, the advantages — the advantages of the RECs outweigh the disadvantages in the energy market. With regard to the capacity market, the Contract rate for capacity is essentially set at the market value. So, there's very little — it's more or less in a break—even range. So, that's sort of the current outlook, given current forward prices and the

1 Contract prices in effect as of now. And, if you'll recall from the Contract, 2 3 prices for -- there are price adjustments over the life of the Contract, where the REC price changes every 4 5 couple years and the capacity price changes. So, in 6 the out years, it's difficult to say. But that's sort 7 of the current way the contract is operating. 8 Are there any required payments PSNH has to make, looks Q. like a take-or-pay, for a period when there is no 9 10 operation, either for RECs or for energy? 11 (White) No. No. Once the capacity is established at Α. 12 the unit, capacity is a market that continues, it's not 13 dependent on unit operations producing megawatt-hours. 14 Energy and RECs are both dependent on megawatt-hours of 15 production. Capacity credit will remain even if the 16 unit is out-of-service, for a period of time. 17 Eventually, that would be retracted as well. 18 Q. And, that's what hasn't yet been established, because 19 it hasn't had its audit from the ISO? 20 Α. (White) Correct. And, there are no -- there are no

- 20 A. (White) Correct. And, there are no -- there are no payments being made for that product under the Contract.
- Q. You said, in questioning with Ms. Chamberlin, that the Burgess plant has been submitting its daily

projections, I forget how you phrased it, but that
they -- she asked "but they're not accurate", and you
agreed with that. Do you mean "not accurate" because
it got more complicated on the operational side and
they weren't able to actually live up to those
expectations or that they just -- what they were
submitting just made no sense?

- A. (White) No, I think -- I think operational issues sometimes impacted expected generation, either for the following day or into the next week. And, I'll qualify a little bit to what I said. I don't have personal knowledge that they have been providing information daily. I do know that there is frequent periodic communication with our Bidding and Scheduling Group on expected operations, day-to-day and week-to-week. And, I was only referring to the fact that they have at times had operational issues, which -- where those operating expectations weren't exactly met.
- Q. One just quick clarification. Mr. Goulding, I think you were the one who gave us a correction of just a mistake in a number in the May filing, I believe it was. Are there any other pages that need correction as a consequence of that, of that number change? Or, are the rest of the exhibits still accurate? Does that

- July through December 2013 number carry through to other schedules?
- A. (Goulding) I don't believe it does carry through to any other schedules.
- Q. All right. Thank you. If you do discover that there's something that did feed through that needs to be corrected, we ought to get that on the record. And, if it's anything significant, obviously, we'd need to look at it.
- 10 A. (Goulding) Okay.
- Q. Just so I'm certain I have this in the record, because
 we have so many numbers flying around here, the current
 ES rate is 8.25, plus the 0.98 cents as the temporary
 Scrubber cost, correct, for a total of 9.23?
- 15 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- Q. And, the currently proposed rate, we'll leave the May filing out of it, so, what's being proposed today is an all-in cost of 9.87 cents?
- 19 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- Q. So, for customers, they would see an increase from 9.23 to 9.87?
- 22 A. (Goulding) That's correct.
- Q. Thank you. And, I know we go through this every time, but let's take a look at your Exhibit 6, the bingo

- sheet, that we'll also have marked in this docket, it
 will be called, the same docket, but it will be called
 "Exhibit 9, I believe, correct?
- 4 MS. DENO: Exhibit 10.
- 5 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Ten. Thank you.

6 BY CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS:

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- Q. Just help me again. If you look at Energy Service, on the first page you have a "6.93 percent" increase in the Residential rate, but you have a negative "0.31 percent" response, you have a "0.31 percent" decrease in total revenue?
- 12 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 13 Q. Tell me again how that works.
- A. (Goulding) That takes into consideration all of the

 components, the Distribution change, the Transmission

 change, which is a decrease also, with the SCRC change,

 which is a decrease, and then which is offset by the

 increase in the Energy Service rate.
- Q. So, the "Total Revenue" line means the Residential customers will bring in 0.31 percent less in total revenue than they had in the prior period?
- 22 A. (Goulding) Yes.
- 23 Q. But that customer class itself will see --
- 24 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: No, I'm sorry.

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       That's the same number. No, forget that. I've got it.
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       All right. Any redirect, Mr. Fossum?
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                         MR. FOSSUM: No. Thank you.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Then, you're
       excused. Thank you very much, gentlemen. Is there any
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       objection to striking the identification on the exhibits?
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       With the understanding that Exhibit 10 will be added to
 8
       the file, it's just the same document as we have as
       Exhibit 6 in the 13-274 file, it will be recreated for
 9
10
       this docket. And, I assume we can do that over a lunch
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       break?
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                         MR. FOSSUM: We certainly should be able
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       to. And, since we're on that topic, we do have two more
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       hearings this afternoon. If you like, we could have
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       copies that we would produce as exhibits to be filed in
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       each of those as well, just for completeness?
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Why don't you do
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       that.
             Thank you. Then, if there's no objection, we'll
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       strike the identification and they will be full exhibits.
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                         Is there anything else to take up before
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       closing statements?
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                         (No verbal response)
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Seeing nothing, then
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       let's begin first with Mr. Courchesne.
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1 MR. COURCHESNE: Thank you,

Commissioners. For the reasons I articulated on behalf of CLF at the first hearing in this docket, in December, on December 16th, 2013, CLF still does not support the proposed Energy Service rate that has been offered by the Company. The Company's current proposal reflects the same approach and assumptions with respect to the Company's utilization of its own generation that the Company used in its 2013 filings in this docket, which the Commission approved in its December order. So, I won't belabor or repeat those concerns this morning, especially in the interest of time.

I do, however, have one observation that we would offer the Commission that should not go unremarked this morning, and it's reflected in some of Attorney Chamberlin's questions and in some of the questioning from the Commission. That the current filing represents a nearly 7 percent increase in Energy Service rate for the first — from the first half of 2014, and that almost a 15 percent increase over the rate that was in effect during the second half of 2013. By contrast, rates approved by the Commission by other New Hampshire utilities have declined in the most recent rate updates.

We, from CLF's perspective, this

1 divergent rate path is broadly illustrative of CLF's concerns with PSNH's approach to supply and procurement of 2 3 energy. 4 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Can you give me an 5 example of what you're referring to or the specifics you 6 refer to when you say that "other companies rates have 7 declined"? What time period you're talking about? 8 MR. COURCHESNE: Sure. 9 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: What orders you're 10 referring to? 11 MR. COURCHESNE: Sure. The most recent 12 orders in both the Unitil and Liberty Utilities dockets 13 reflect decreases over the first half of 2014 to the 14 second half of 2014, to an average of about 8 cents per 15 kilowatt-hour for Energy Service for customers. And, 16 PSNH's equivalent Energy Service rate is 9.87 cents per 17 kilowatt-hour. 18 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Do you have -- are you citing to an order? Can you tell me what we can look 19 20 to to --21 MR. COURCHESNE: I can pull the order 22 numbers, if you'd like, Commissioners. But those are the 23 residential energy service rates that were approved by the

Commission for Unitil and Liberty Utilities. And, I don't

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       want to introduce those rates in any evidentiary way.
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Well, no. You're
 2
 3
       not a witness.
 4
                         MR. COURCHESNE: Yes.
 5
                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: So, that's why I'd
 6
       like to know what you're referring to, so we can take a
 7
       look at those, and be sure that we're comparing the right
 8
       time period and rate classifications.
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                         MR. COURCHESNE: Absolutely,
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       Commissioners. If you'll give me one moment.
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                         (Short pause.)
12
                         MR. COURCHESNE: In Docket DE 14-061 is
13
       the Unitil 2014 rate schedule, the order number is 25,648.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
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                         MR. COURCHESNE: And, the order -- the
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       docket for Liberty Utilities is DE 14-031. And, the order
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       is 25,642.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
                         MR. COURCHESNE: And, with that, I have
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20
       no further comments. And, thanks, thank you for the
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       Commission today.
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                         CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.
23
      Ms. Chamberlin.
24
                                          Thank you. I have two
                         MS. CHAMBERLIN:
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{DE 13-275} {06-24-14}

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major concerns with the Energy Service rate. explored on cross, the Burgess Biopower plant is not operating at full capacity. It has not yet been certified for RECs. And, it has not yet been certified for capacity payments. So, ratepayers are losing part of the benefit of the Agreement. I believe that the plant should be held to the specifics of the Contract, so that -- so that the opportunities for residential ratepayers or all ratepayers are not being lost. It's very frustrating to have what is an over-market contract, and yet not be able to get the benefits for the reduced REC prices. And, it's also a lost opportunity in this very high winter priced market. Perhaps this contract might have been economic, we don't know, because they weren't operating during that time. So, it just is not -- I would simply raise it as a concern that it needs to be closely watched. The other point is the Black Start and the VAR payment. It just highlights the tension between

The other point is the Black Start and the VAR payment. It just highlights the tension between having a vertically integrated utility in the midst of a competitive market. On the one hand, you have a Settlement Agreement for the vertically integrated utility with specific costs in distribution, and then they come with a proposal of moving some transmission-related revenue out of one place and into the Energy Service rate.

Even though it's a small amount of money comparatively, it
shows that every single thing PSNH files and every
proposal has an impact on the competitive market.

Now, where most of the approximately
75 percent of residential customers are in the Energy
Service rate, I cannot argue that the rate shouldn't be
lowered, and that is the overall effect of all of these
proposals. However, it is having a — it is having a
potentially distorting effect on the Energy Service rate,
as compared to the competitive market, because these
little changes from Energy Service into transmission
effectively lowers that rate, and that will affect — it
will affect migration, it will affect the competitors.
And, as a Consumer Advocate, who represents customers both
in and out of the market, it becomes very difficult to
know what's the right — what's the right proposal.

I think there is some validity in their conclusion that the revenue is related to generation,

Energy Service is paying for all of those costs. But it's a moving target, and it's difficult to have a -- it's difficult to do anything other than look at "Well, the numbers are going up, the numbers are going down. I guess going down is good."

And, so, that's where I come out on the

1 overall proposal.

2 CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: All right. Thank 3 you. Ms. Amidon.

MS. AMIDON: Thank you. First of all, you know, the Staff reviews this filing in light of the statutory mandate in RSA 369-B, which tells PSNH how they will set power and what the Commission shall do in approving rates. While we understand that there may be some differences in the procurement of Unitil and Liberty, who are under a different -- a different kind of paradigm, I would suggest, when you look at those orders, that you consider the timing of those RFPs.

What we have here, in this instance, is a June 13 update, with updated forecasts and projections about costs into the rest of the year. When Unitil and Grid go out and procure power, they purchase — they secure these RFPs two or three months ahead of time, and before the power is actually served. So, there will be a difference in prices. And, I just want to caution, as you go looking at those orders, to keep that in mind. There is a — you know, as you can see, even in the difference of PSNH's projections from May 2nd to June 13th on the December prices, a little bit of time can make a very big difference in terms of the market.

In addition, as we all know, the Commission is investigating divestiture and undertaking that plan. And, as things move forward, if the Company is divested, then there will have to be a reexamination of the statutory framework by which the Commission sets their rates. But, until such time, they continue to own generation, and you have to use the reasonable — just and reasonable and actual costs that the Company incurs in setting its rates.

And, I don't have any issues -- or, I guess I don't see a big problem with CLF's argument that this is somehow an aberrant or a rate-setting process has been taking place for many years.

Insofar as the particular issues of the Black Start and VAR, the Staff appreciates the fact that, but for the fact that the Company owned generation, they would not be receiving these revenues. And, generation is supported by Energy Service default customers, including the residential customers. And, we do not see a problem with aligning those revenues with the Energy Service customers.

I know that, in the past, the Company has tweaked the TCAM rate allocation. And, I just see this as another opportunity where they probably didn't see

some of this revenue coming in and consider the implication for Energy Service customers. So, Staff basically supports that.

We do agree, however, there are concerns about the Burgess Biopower. There's nothing I think that the Commission can do in this docket, except just to have that heightened awareness about the concerns about the vacillating forecasts that they provide, and the fact that they're apparently not able to deliver on their own forecasts. That is a matter of concern.

However, overall, having evaluated the filing, Staff believes that the Company has conducted its evaluation and calculation of the rate in the manner that it has in the past. And, so, we have no objection to the filing. Thank you.

CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you.

Mr. Fossum.

MR. FOSSUM: Thank you. And, I'll begin this one as I had the last by thanking the parties, given the time that was available for the review, for their diligence in looking over what PSNH has provided. And, I would also say that PSNH believes that this filing and this rate are consistent — or, the change in this rate would be consistent with PSNH's most recently filed and

approved Least Cost Integrated Resource Plan.

Moving to the terms of the filing itself, we appreciate the comments of Staff in noting that there is a statutory requirement on how PSNH procures and supplies its power. And, there is substantial Commission precedent about how it is that PSNH would set its rates, and would encourage the Commission to remain consistent with those precedents in this case, which PSNH believes would result in a just and reasonable rate of 9.87 cents, as has been proposed.

Turning to a couple of the specific issues, PSNH is certainly very mindful of what is going on with the Burgess biomass plant, and is paying attention to what is going on there, and will continue to be mindful of what is going on there going forward. And, that said, as noted by some of the parties, that it doesn't present a particular issue standing in the way of approving the rate that has been proposed today, and would — and PSNH would encourage the Commission to not allow that issue to stand in the way of approving this rate.

As to the Black Start and the VAR revenue proposal that PSNH has made, I would build upon what Staff has said. PSNH has previously refined what elements are involved in the Energy Service rate, as

compared to what is in the TCAM rate. And, in fact, back in Docket 09-180, some of the costs that were transmission-related, relating to VAR revenues, were moved over to the TCAM rate. So, this is a further refinement along those lines, and PSNH believes is an appropriate refinement.

As to the energy procurement issues that CLF has alluded to, PSNH would note, as Staff has, that the rates that are in effect for Unitil and for Liberty's electric company are effective, for Unitil at least through November, and Liberty through October. So, there's a mismatch in the periods that we're referring to here, where PSNH's rate would be set from July through December of this year. And, PSNH would ask the Commission to be mindful of that difference, and the effect that the inclusion of a winter period or a portion of a winter period could have, given the volatility that the Commission is certainly well aware of over the last few years.

And, with that, I would reiterate that PSNH requests that the Commission approve the rate as PSNH has filed it and updated it, and would request that any order approving the rate be issued in such a time that PSNH could implement a new rate for July 1st, 2014

1	service. Thank you.
2	CHAIRMAN IGNATIUS: Thank you. We are
3	mindful of the date that this is all proposed to go into
4	effect, and we'll act on it expeditiously. We will take
5	this under advisement. We'll ask that the extra bingo
6	sheet be inserted later, after you're able to make a copy.
7	And, if the Staff can assist in photocopying here, to get
8	that done over the lunch break, that would be good.
9	And, so, we will adjourn this hearing.
10	(Whereupon the hearing was adjourned at
11	12:14 p.m.)
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